## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A device Device for generating, from incoming signal values  $(X_{i,n})$ , soft-values  $(Y_{i,n})$  to be input into a channel decoder (22) of a communication device for use in a wireless communication system, comprising:

truncation means (24, 26, 28) for truncating said incoming signal values  $(X_{i,n})$  such as to to generate truncated signal values  $(X_{i,n}^T)$  fall within a predetermined limit value range [[,]]; and

normalization means (30, 32) for normalizing said truncated signal values ( $X_{i,n}^{t}$ ) such as to fit to an input range of said <u>channel</u> decoder (22),

wherein characterized in that said truncation means (24, 26, 28) are adapted to determine the boundaries of said predetermined limit value range in dependence on information representative of a signal-to-noise ratio of said incoming signal values  $(X_{i,n})$ , and in that said truncated signal values  $(X_{i,n})$  after normalization, are output as said soft-values  $(Y_{i,n})$ , and

wherein said truncation means (24, 26, 28) are adapted to calculate, from said incoming signal values ( $X_{i,n}$ ), an absolute mean value (m) and to determine said boundaries of said predetermined limit value range based on said absolute mean value (m) multiplied by a scaling factor ( $1/\alpha$ ), said truncation means (24, 26, 28) being adapted to determine said scaling factor dependent on said information representative of said signal-to-noise ratio.

2-3. (Canceled)

2  $\mathcal{H}$ . (Currently Amended) <u>A method Method</u>-for generating, from incoming signal values  $(X_{i,n})$ , soft-values  $(Y_{i,n})$  to be input into a channel decoder (22) of a communication device for use in a wireless communication system, comprising the steps of:

truncating said incoming signal values  $(X_{i,n})$  such as to fall within a predetermined limit to generate truncated signal values  $(X_{i,n}^t)$  value range [[,]]: and

normalizing said truncated signal values (X<sup>t</sup><sub>i,n</sub>) such as to fit to an input range of said channel decoder (22)[[,]];

characterized by the step of

determining the boundaries of said <u>predetermined</u> limit value range in dependence on information representative of a signal-to-noise ratio of said incoming signal values  $(X_{i,n})$ , and outputting said truncated signal values  $(X_{i,n}^t)$  after <u>saidnormalization normalizing</u>, as said soft-values  $(Y_{i,n})$ ; and

calculating, from said incoming signal values  $(X_{i,n})$ , an absolute mean value (m) and determining said boundaries of said predetermined limit value range based on said absolute mean value (m) multiplied by a scaling factor  $(1/\alpha)$ , said scaling factor being determined dependent on said information representative of said signal-to-noise ratio.

5-6. (Canceled)

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